On these sheets, no attempt is made to "model" real-life situations: no trains, cars, cyclists, lifts, etc. It is assumed that there are no "real" forces, such as air-resistance unless they are specifically mentioned. Most questions, but not all, avoid numbers and units, prefering general algebraic formulae with consistent dimensions.

## Exercises for Lecture 4

1. Three particles of masses $m_{1}, m_{2}$ and $m_{3}$ are fixed to a light rod at distances $d_{1}, d_{2}$ and $d_{3}$ from one end. Find the distance of the centre of mass of the system from this end.
2. The density of a $\operatorname{rod} A B$ at a point $x$ from $A$ is $\rho_{0} x / a$, where $\rho_{0}$ is a constant and $a$ is the length of the rod. Find the mass of the rod and show that the centre of mass is a distance $\frac{2}{3} a$ from $A$. [You may treat the rod as 1 -dimensional.]
3. A circular arc of radius $a$ has constant density $\rho$ and subtends an angle $2 \alpha$ at its centre. Show that its centre of mass is a distance $a \sin \alpha / \alpha$ from the centre. [You may treat the circular arc as 1-dimensional.]

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